

EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS, QUEBEC, 1887-88.

SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND UNIVERSITIES.	Number	PUPILS AND STUDENTS.		Boys.	Girls.	Total Number of Pupils and Students.
		Protest- ant.	Roman Catholic.			
Elementary Schools—						
Protestant.....	916	25,381	3,413	14,873	13,921	28,794
Roman Catholic....	3,604	596	139,226	69,257	70,565	139,822
Superior Schools—						
Protestant.....	64	6,032	182	3,364	2,850	6,214
Roman Catholic....	532	195	64,163	32,801	31,557	64,358
*Independent Schools—						
Protestant.....	42	1,400	38	759	679	1,438
Roman Catholic....	133	15	14,986	6,757	8,244	15,001
Normal Schools—						
Protestant.....	1	112	.....	6	106	112
Roman Catholic....	2	.....	184	184	.....	184
Laval University.....	1	.....	813	813	.....	813
Universities and Affili- ated Colleges.....	8	484	.....	370	114	484
Special Schools.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,905
Total.....	5,321	34,215	223,005	129,184	128,036	259,125

* Not receiving grants.

652. The average attendance at the Public, High and Model schools was 177,806, and formed a much larger percentage of the total number of pupils than can be found in any other Province, the proportion being as high as 69·47 per cent. Average attendance.

653. The proportion of Protestant pupils was nearly 1 per cent. less than in 1887, being 14·28 per cent., as compared with 15·1 per cent. Protestant pupils.

654. The Council of Public Instruction in Nova Scotia consists of the members of the Executive Council. There is also a Superintendent of Education. The local management of the Public schools is in the hands of trustees, chosen by the rate-payers of the section. Education in Nova Scotia.

655. There was a decrease of 94 in the number of pupils but an increase in the average attendance, the latter having been Average attendance.